_ November 30, 1990

STATEMENT BY LICENSED EMBALMER I hereby certify that the body whose name is recorded on the reverse side of this certificate was embalmed by me, or by . Student Embalmer No. __ _____ working under my personal supervision. Constant A. Larson Student Signed _ Signature of Student Embalmer 1784 Licensed Embalmer No. P.O. Address Bucklin, Missouri 64631 Note: The above MUST BE SIGNED BY THE LICENSED EMBALMER in his OWN HANDWRITING. (Failure to comply with the above constitutes grounds for revocation of ticense.) If embalmed by a STUDENT, he also shall sign in his OWN handwriting. If this body is not embalmed, fact should be so stated above. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SELECTED ITEMS Item 9a - Place of Death If the death was pronounced in a hospital, check the box indicating the decedent's status at the institution (inpatient, emergency room/outpatient, or dead on arrival (DOA)). If death was pronounced elsewhere, check the box indicating whether pronouncement occurred at a nursing home, residence, or other location. If other is checked, specify where death was legally pronounced, such as a physician's office, the place where the accident occurred, or at work. Item 13a-g - Residence of Decedent Residence of the decedent is the place where he or she actually resided. This is not necessarily the same as "home state," or "legal residence." Never enter a temporary residence such as one used during a visit, business trip, or a vacation. Place of residence during a tour of military duty or during attendance at college is not considered as temporary and should be considered as the place of residence. If a decedent had been living in a facility where an individual usually resides for a long period of time, such as a group home, mental institution, nursing home, penitentiary, or hospital for the chronically ill, report the location of that facility in items 13a through 13g. If the decedent was an infant who never resided at home, the place of residence is that of the parent(s) or legal guardian. Do not use an acute care hospital's location as the place of residence for any infant. Item 23 - Cause of Death The cause of death means the disease, abnormality, injury or poisoning that caused the death, not the mode of dying, such as cardiac or respiratory arrest, shock, or heart failure. In Part I the immediate cause of death is reported on line (a). Antecedent conditions, if any, which gave rise to the cause are reported on lines (b), (c), and (d). The underlying cause should be reported on the last line used in Part I. No entry is necessary on lines (b), (c), and (d) if the immediate cause of death on line (a) describes completely the train of events. ONLY ONE CAUSE SHOULD BE ENTERED ON A LINE. Additional lines may be added if necessary. Provide the best estimate of the interval between the onset of each condition and death. Do not leave the interval blank; if unknown, so specify. In Part II, enter other important diseases or conditions that may have contributed to death but did not result in the underlying cause of death given in Part I. SEE EXAMPLES BELOW. 23. PART I. Enter the diseases, injuries, or complications that caused the death. Do not enter the mode of dying, such as cardiac or respiratory arrest, shock, or heart failure Approximate Interval Betwee List only one cause on each line Clear and Death ិ3<u>Mins</u> IMMEDIATE CAUSE Rupture of myocardium DUE TO (OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF): condition resulting in death) Acute myocardial infarction 6 days Sequentially list DUE TO (OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF): conditions, if any, leading to immediate cause, Enter Chronic ischemic heart disease 5 years UNDERLYING CAUSE DUE TO (OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF): (disease or injury that initiated events resulting in death) LAST CAUSE OF contributing to death but not resulting in the underlying cause given in Part I. 24. IF DECEASED WAS 25s. WAS AN AUTOPSY 256. WERE AUTOPSY FINDINGS FEMALE 10-49 WAS SHE PERFORMED? AVAILABLE PRIOR TO Diabetes, Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, smoking DEATH PREGNANT IN THE LAST COMPLETION OF CAUSE OF ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unk. XX Yes ☐ No X Yes □ No 27c WAS INJURY ALCOHOL-27a DATE OF INJURY 27d, INJURY AT WORK? 27s. DESCRIBE HOW INJURY OCCURRED 28. MANNER OF DEATH 27h TIME OF (Month, Day, Year) INJUR' Yes No Unk Yes No Unk ☐ Accident 27f. PLACE OF INJURY - At home, farm, street, factory, office 27g. LOCATION (Street and Number or Rural Route Number, City or Town, State) Could not be Determined Suicide building, etc. (specify) 23. PART I. Enter the diseases, injuries, or complications that caused the death. Do not enter the mode of dying, such as cardiag or respiratory arrest, shock, or heart fadure Approximate Interval Rates Cerebral laceration 10 mins. IMMEDIATE CAUSE (Final disease or DUE TO (OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF): condition resulting Open skull fracture 10 mins. Sequentially list DUE TO (OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF): conditions, if any, leading to immediate cause. Enter UNDERLYING Automobile accident 10 mins. CAUSE (disease or injury that initiated events DUE TO (OR AS A CONSEQUENCE OF): resulting in deeth) LAST CAUSE OF PART II. Other significant conditions contributing to death but not resulting in the underlying cause given in Part i. 24. IF DECEASED WAS 25e WAS AN AUTOPSY 25b. WERE AUTOPSY FINDINGS FEMALE 10-49, WAS SHE PREGNANT IN THE LAST DEATH COMPLETION OF CAUSE OF ☐ Yes XINo ☐ Unk. ☐ Yes ON No ☐ Yes 🖾 No 26. MANNER OF DEATH 27s. DATE OF INJURY 27b. TIME OF 27c, WAS INJURY ALCOHOL- 27d. INJURY AT WORK? 27e. DESCRIBE HOW INJURY OCCURRED ·INJURY RELATED? (Not limited to (Month, Day, Year) ☐ Natural

X Yes No Unk Yes X No Unk 2-car collision-driver

27g. LOCATION (Street and Number of Rural Route Number, City or Town, State)

Route 4, Jefferson City, Missouri

Same and the second

1 p. M

Street

ne farm street factory office

11/15/85

Suicide Could not be

☐ Homicide

271, PLACE OF INJURY

building, etc. (specify)